Home > Environment > Food and farming > Keeping farmed animals

- > Bovine tuberculosis (bovine TB)
- > Bovine TB: summary of badger control monitoring during 2023



Policy paper

Summary of badger vaccination in 2023

Updated 1 May 2024

Applies to England

Contents

Background

Number of badgers

vaccinated in

England in 2023

Vaccination of badgers in Cumbria

Field monitoring



© Crown copyright 2024

This publication is licensed under the terms of the Open Government Licence v3.0 except where otherwise stated. To view this licence, visit nationalarchives.gov.uk/doc/open-government-licence/version/3 or write to the Information Policy Team, The National Archives, Kew, London TW9 4DU, or email: psi@nationalarchives.gov.uk.

Where we have identified any third party copyright information you will need to obtain permission from the copyright holders concerned.

This publication is available at https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/bovine-tb-summary-of-badger-control-monitoring-during-2023/summary-of-badger-vaccination-in-2023

Background

The government's strategy on tackling bovine tuberculosis in England (https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/astrategy-for-achieving-officially-bovine-tuberculosis-free-status-for-england) includes badger vaccination.

Badgers are a protected species. This means a licence is required to capture them in cage traps before they are vaccinated. A licence is also needed to temporarily mark a badger to show it has been vaccinated. In 2023, these licences were issued by Defra and Natural England.

Individuals must have explicit permission from the relevant landowner to access land they want to place traps on. Individuals must provide proof of relevant training (https://www.gov.uk/guidance/bovine-tb-badger-vaccination-training) when they register for a licence to set cage-traps and/or mark badgers.

Number of badgers vaccinated in England in 2023

The open season for vaccinating badgers runs each year from 1 May to 30 November.

Licensed individuals must submit to Defra and Natural England an annual return of the number of badgers trapped, marked and vaccinated during the open season. In 2023, licensed individuals vaccinated 3064 [footnote 1] badgers across England.

County	Badgers vaccinated	Of which by APHA
Avon	59	8
Berkshire	8	0
Cheshire	128	0
Cornwall	538	375

County	Badgers vaccinated	Of which by APHA
Cumbria	200	169
Derbyshire	88	0
Devon	51	0
Dorset	36	15
East Sussex	634	0
Gloucestershire	514	413
Greater Manchester	21	0
Herefordshire	46	46
Oxfordshire	85	0
Shropshire	31	0
Somerset	236	178
Staffordshire	4	0
Surrey	3	0
Warwickshire	21	0
Wiltshire	290	265
Worcestershire	71	71
Totals	3,064	1,540

Vaccination of badgers in Cumbria

Badgers vaccinated in Cumbria are part of a badger control intervention area, which has been granted a Low

Risk Area Badger Disease Control licence. Vaccination was undertaken over a total area of 140.4km2, of which 91.04km2 was accessible.

County	Total area (km2)	Licensed accessible area (km2)	Badgers vaccinated
Cumbria	214.3	141.3	169

Field monitoring

Cage-trapping is a long established method of catching badgers and the welfare of badgers captured in cage-traps has been investigated previously [footnote 2].

In 2023, Natural England conducted compliance monitoring visits on 28 (15% [footnote 3]) licensed individuals authorised to cage-trap, mark and vaccinate badgers. All individuals were compliant with licence conditions.

- 1. Based on a preliminary analysis of the return forms submitted to Defra in December 2023. This may change subject to detailed review of the data.
- 2. Woodroffe, R, Bourne, FJ, Cox, DR, Donnelly, CA, Gettinby, G, McInerney, JP, and Morrison, WI (2005) 'Welfare of badgers (Meles meles) subjected to culling: patterns of trap-related injury', Animal Welfare, 14 (1), pp. 11-17.
- 3. Based on the number of compliance visits conducted as a proportion of the total number of licensed individuals

OGL

All content is available under the <u>Open Government</u> <u>Licence v3.0</u>, except where otherwise stated

